

# NETFLIX ESSENTIALS

#### CHARACTER DRIVEN

Viewers develop relationships with characters not plot.

Their engagement depends on whether they relate to the character and understand their motivation.

If they don't find the character interesting, they won't care if the character gets what they want.

# TEASE THEM AT THE START

The audience subconsciously decides whether they will watch your show in the first 5 seconds!

A good teaser will give the audience a taste of who the character is, the central conflict and the world.

Every episode should have a teaser unless the start of the episode is picking up exactly where the last episode ended. Usually in the middle of a dramatic plot twist.

#### NARRATIVE DRIVE

Does not mean the pace of the show needs to be fast.

Hero should be proactive in trying to obtain their goal.
Overly reactive heroes are boring.

Each scene should move emotional arc and/ or plot forward. Viewers want new information from their scenes.

# **LEAVE THEM HANGING**

Plot Cliffhangers are usually dramatic events or plot twist.

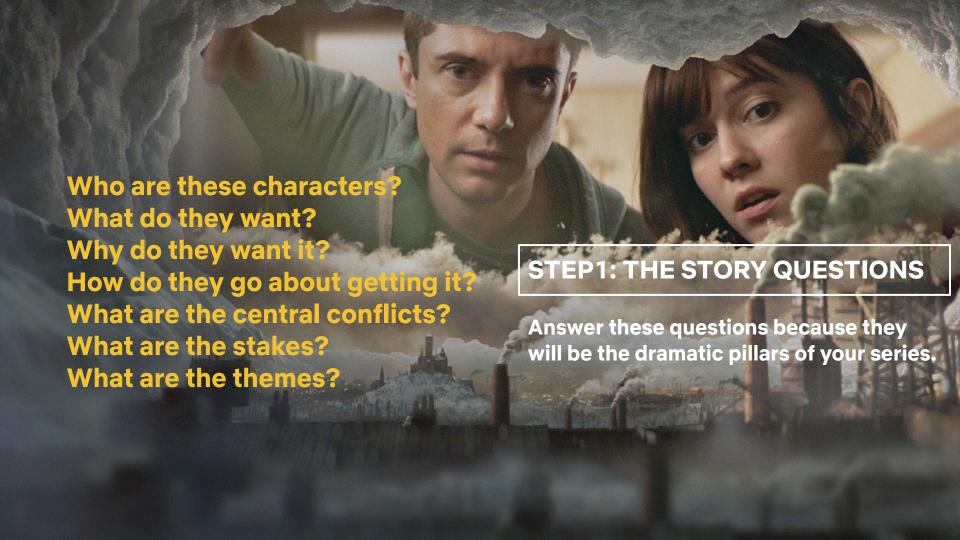
Emotional Cliffhangers are revelations to the hero that have an impact on their emotional arc. These can be small or big moments. But always impactful.

Sometimes the reveal can be only to the viewer and not the hero.

Needs to be compelling enough to drive viewer interest to the next episode.



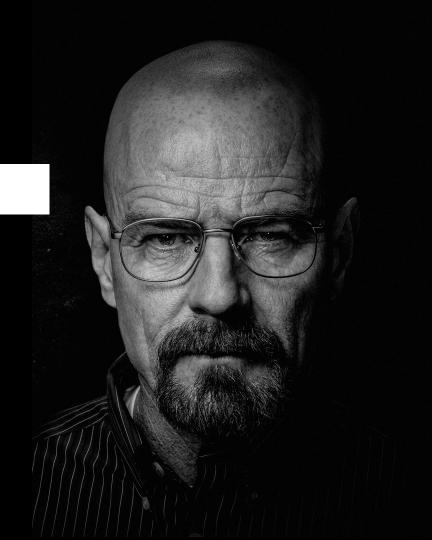
- 1. The Story Questions
- 2. The Overview
- 3. The World
- 4. The Tone
- 5. Character Descriptions
- 6. Season Summaries
- 7. Potential Episodes



# STEP TWO: THE OVERVIEW

#### Includes:

- A short synopsis.
- Why this series?



# **STEP TWO:**

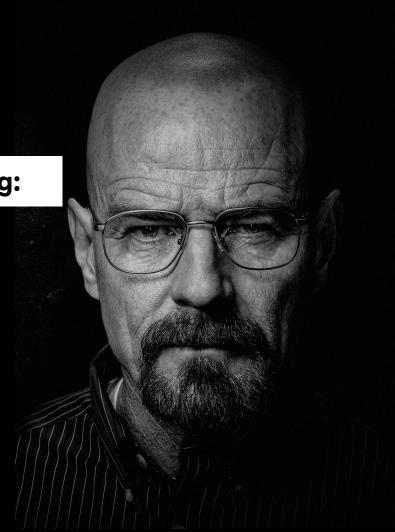
# THE OVERVIEW

The Synopsis Should Have The Following:

WHO is the hero and what do they want?

WHY now and what happens if they don't get what they want?

**WHAT** is the central conflict?





Think "elevator pitch."

No Backstory.

Don't get into character dynamics.

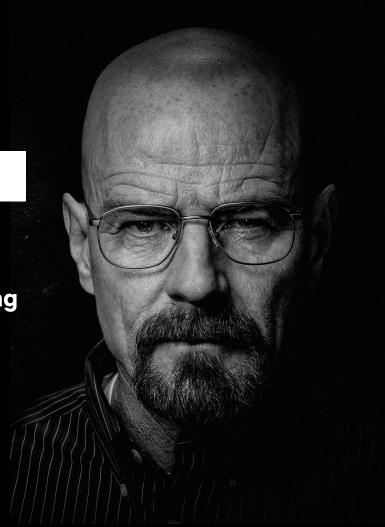
Just one paragraph if you can.

# **STEP TWO:**

# THE OVERVIEW

## Why This Series?:

- What makes the story fresh?
- Are there any relevant hotbed issues being explored?
- Is it personal?
- Tell us more about the themes.



# **STEP THREE:**

# TELL US ABOUT YOUR WORLD

**WHERE IS YOUR WORLD?** 

The location should be a character in your story.

#### **WHEN IS YOUR WORLD?**

Provide a mythology if in the future or fantasy. Provide historical perspective if a period piece.

#### **WHAT IS THE PROFESSION?**

What you hero does for a living should be part of the world.

# TELL US ABOUT YOUR TONE

- The tone is the feeling or atmosphere that you want to convey to the audience when they watch your series.
- Be intentional with your choices. They must help tell the story.
- From dark to light, tone usually matches the emotional resonance of your themes. Revenge=Dark. Love=Light.
- Talk about potential camera and shooting styles.
- Feel free to use movie, television and pictorial references to help communicate your vision.



#### **MAKING ROOTWORTHY** CHARACTERS

There are three key ingredients that make up Rootworthy Characters: Catalyst, Moral Compass, and Transformation, While all rootworthy characters need these ingredients, there isn't a set order that you need to introduce them - it's all about what works best for the story you want to tell.

#### THE IMPORTANCE **OF A GOAL**

Before you even worry about the 3 ingredients, a compelling story and goal is step one in the process, and helps point viewers towards the characters they are supposed to root for.

#### Do they have a clear goal?

- Clear, established motivation
  - An ultimate goal, whether or not the viewer knows the specifics

#### **FILM VS. SERIES**

By nature, film pacing needs to be quicker, and audiences need to see more immediate signs of the main ingredients to get and stayed invested in the character. Series have the luxury of the "slow burn" approach to Transformation and more ambiguity in Moral Compass.





For more information, contact dbrynan@netflix.com and msamson@netlflix.com

#### KEY INGREDIENTS

#### **CATALYST**

#### Underlying motivation or backstory

Audiences want to know where characters come from.

The Catalyst is the emotionally charged spark that ignites a character's journey. Catalysts should center around one central reason and not just be a disperse backstory or history of the character.

MORAL COMPASS

**Guiding principles or code** 

Audiences want a set of rules to help level

Moral Compass is the code or rules that

set expectations for how a character will act.

actions. Moral compasses that resonate are

#### A "Call to Action"

Fulfilling destiny, reaching for success, standing up for yourself

#### Inherent Altruism

Standing up for those who can't, doing the "right' thing

#### **Personal tragedy**

Loss of loved ones, terminal illness, poverty, childhood trauma

#### Protecting and avenging

Doing almost anything for family or love

#### Uncovering truth

Doing whatever it takes to bring the truth to light

#### characters set for themselves and guide their Fighting for the shades of grey, and do NOT need to be in line greater good

with the morality of our world as long as they Fighting for what's really important, regardless of the cost

#### **TRANSFORMATION**

are justifiable in the story world.

Obstacles and challenges that spur growth

Audiences don't want characters to be perfect, they want growth.

Transformation shows how characters handle and grow from trials and tribulations. It can be either positive or negative, but it needs to exist. Must be consistent with their Moral Compass and make sense given their underlying Catalyst..

#### Difficult choices and sacrifice

Personal sacrifice for the betterment of their causes Learning to control skills/power

Slowly improving over time in a talent or skill

#### Overcoming hardship

Getting through the bad times, often through friendship

#### **CHECK LIST**

Do they h	ıave	a co	ompe	lling
Catalyst?				

- Backstory that shapes Moral Compass
- Catalyst that is understandable, relatable, or emotionally charged
- ☐ Catalyst that feels organic and true to the character

#### Do they have a defined **Moral Compass?**

- Clear rules and codes they live
- Boundaries for things they will/won't do
- Moral Compass that's tested through Transformation

#### Do they have a believable Transformation?

- Clear path/potential to growth
- ☐ Transformation that's in line with their Moral Compass, has a strong connection to their Catalyst



What is their relationship to the hero?

If an ensemble, tell us how do they compete against each other.

Characters going for the same goal but for different motivations makes conflict, which = great drama!





- Start the series with your main characters in order of importance. Breaking Bad didn't become an ensemble until the second season.
- Chose a character to be the "eyes and ears" of the audience and our introduction to the world.
   Someone to ask the "stupid questions" or is the expert, so we can get informed about the world.
- Don't feel pressure to introduce all the characters at once. You have the time -- It's a series!



- A summary of the character's journey from beginning to end using the major emotional plot points of the season to help tell the story.
- We suggest doing a season summary for each of the Main Characters.
- They can range from a page to a page and a half.

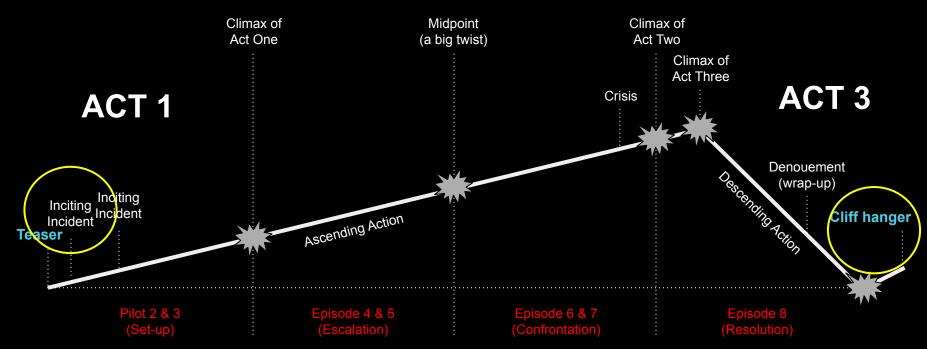
"Instead of focusing on individual episodes, think of the whole season as a layered, three act story."

**Todd A. Kessler - Creator** 



# **Season Map**

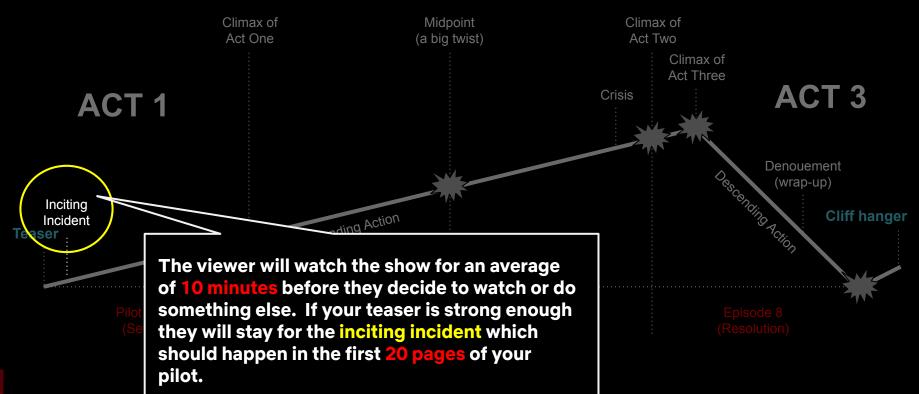
## ACT 2





# **Season Map**

#### ACT 2





# Modern writers have adapted structured models to define character development and storylines.

Comedy's version of Aristotle, writer Dan Harmon, has developed a modern method for structuring the journey of TV and film characters. *Harmon's Story Circle* shows the evolution of characters.

#### **BASIC TENETS OF HARMON'S STORY CIRCLE**



Hero ventures out to find something they need



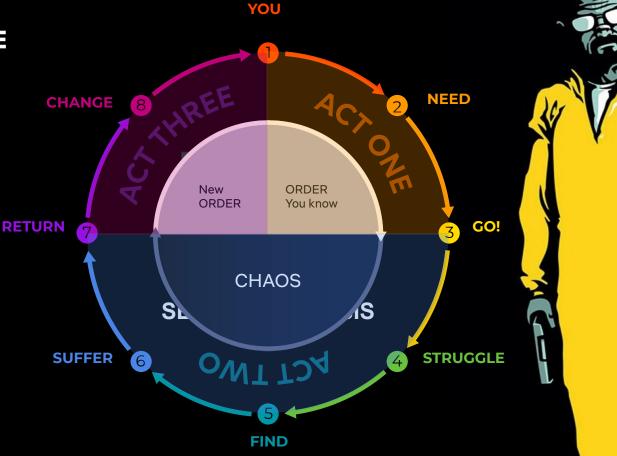
Hero returns having been changed

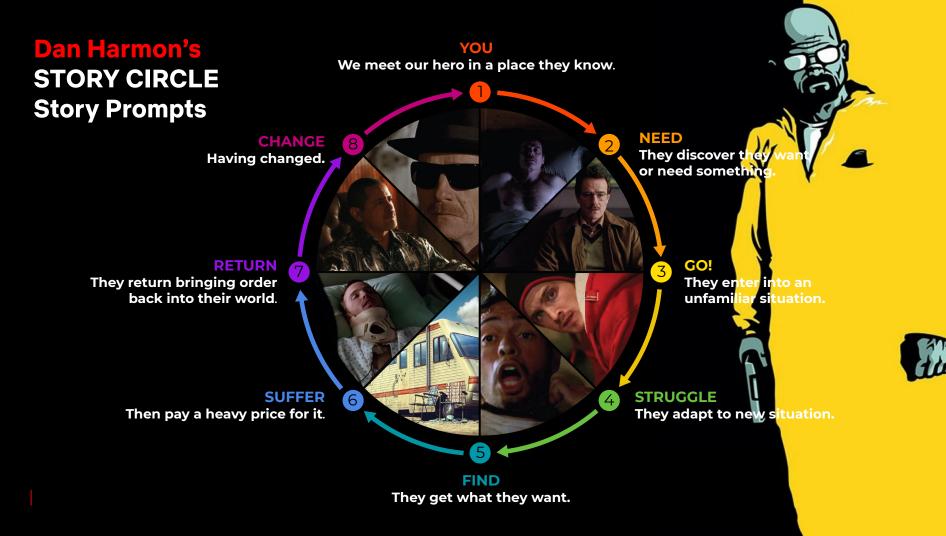
# **Dan Harmon's STORY CIRCLE**

Allows you to plot from the Hero's emotional state.

Forces the Hero to be proactive.

Focuses on basic human motivations, actions and consequences.





## THE PILOT

- It will be the most important episode of your series.
- By the end of your pilot, the viewer must know:
  - Who is the hero.
  - What they want.
  - Their central conflict.
  - Key relationship dynamics
  - The basic rules of the world.
  - The genre.



## Applying the Harmon Circle in the Writer's Room

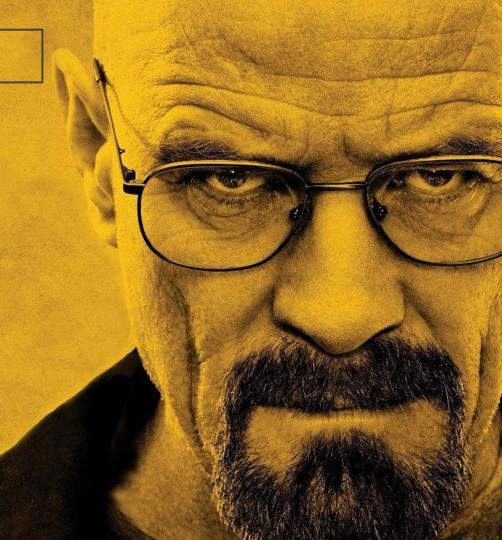


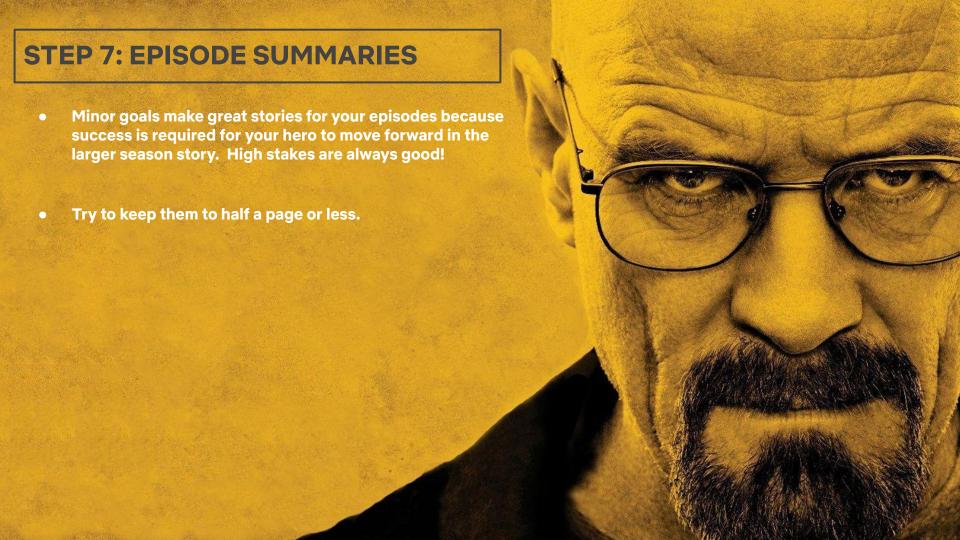
Now you have your emotional plot points which will serve as an outline for your season story arcs.



#### **STEP 7: EPISODE SUMMARIES**

- Short paragraphs giving us the beginning, middle and end of the story using only major plot points of the story.
- Use the emotional plot points from the story circle as your episodic map for the season.
- Plot progression and character growth must occur in each episode.
- At the end of each episode, the viewer should be asking themselves - "What's going to happen next?"
- Ask yourself:
  - What are the steps (minor goals) my character needs to take to obtain their main goal?
  - How do we make it as hard as possible for them to be successful?





# GOCREATE

